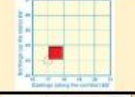





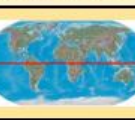
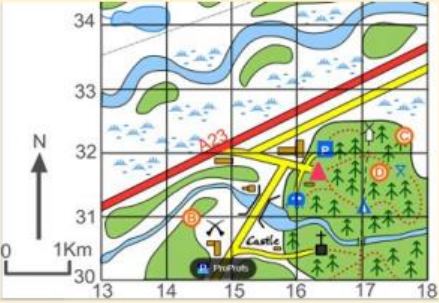


Year 4 Britain From Above Map Skills

Knowledge Organiser		
Map Skills: How do 4 figure grid references work?		
Vocabulary		
	Grid reference	Tells you where something is on a map.
	Scale	Written in ratios and tell you how many units of length on land, or sea, are equal to one unit of length on a map.
	Continent	Large solid area of land. Earth has seven continents.
	Contour line	Shows high and low areas of land on a map.
	Human feature	Things that you can see all around you that have been built by people, like houses, roads and bridges.
	Physical feature	Natural things that you can see all around you that would be here even if there were no people around, like seas, mountains and rivers.
	Equator	An imaginary line that divides the Earth into two equal parts: the Northern Hemisphere and the Southern Hemisphere.
Further Reading	https://kids.britannica.com/kids/article/map-and-globe/353425	

Co-Ordinates


Co-ordinates go across first and then up. Use the phrase 'along the corridor and up the stairs' to get the right order.



Grid lines on a map are numbered to help find specific areas.
Eastings are the numbers that run from left to right on the map. **Northings** run from south to north.

The 7 Continents of the World


The 7 continents are: Africa, Antarctica, Asia, Australia, Europe, North America, and South America.




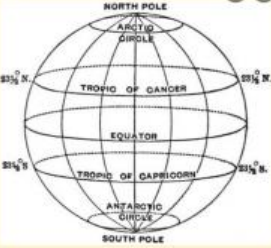
Compass Points

The four **cardinal directions** are North (N), East (E), South (S), West (W).

The directions are at 90° angles.



The 4 **ordinal directions** are Northeast (NE), Southeast (SE), Southwest (SW), Northwest (NW).

The seven most important divisions on the planet are:

- The Equator
- Northern Hemisphere
- Southern Hemisphere
- Tropics of Cancer
- Tropics of Capricorn
- Arctic Circle