LO: To understand why Roman rule in Britain ended in 410 AD.

43 AD

The Romans invade Britain, and Britain become part of the Roman Empire.

50 AD

London (Londinium) founded.

61 AD

Boudicca – leader of the Iceni tribe - leads a revolt against the Romans. She is eventually defeated at the Battle of Watling Street.

122 – 128 AD

Emperor Hadrian builds a wall on the border between England and Scotland (Hadrian's Wall).

250 AD

Picts, from Scotland, Angles, Saxons and Jutes, from Germany and Scandinavia start threatening Roman lands.

401 AD

A large amount of troops are withdrawn from Britain to assist in the war against King Alaric I (first King of The Visigoths), who was attempting to attack Rome.

406 AD

Britain stopped received reinforcements from Rome and left to deal with breaches of its borders on its own.

407 AD

Constantine III is named Emperor of the Western Roman Empire. Constantine takes troops across the English Channel to invade Gaul, leaving Britain with few soldiers to defend itself.

410 AD

With increased attacks from the Saxons, Scots, Picts and Angles, Britain asks the Roman emperor Honorius for help. He writes back telling them to 'look to their own defences' and refuses to send any help. This letter marked the end of Roman Britain.

409 AD

The British people renounce what Roman authority is left in Britain – they will no longer follow their rule.